



## **Pencoys Primary School**

### **E-Safety Policy**

**Responsibility: Headteacher & Pete Wilson**

**School Year: 2016-2018**

#### **1. Introduction**

The requirement to ensure that children and young people are able to use the internet and related communications technologies appropriately and safely is addressed as part of the wider duty of care to which all who work in schools are bound. A school e-safety policy should help to ensure safe and appropriate use. The development and implementation of such a strategy should involve all the stakeholders in a child's education from the Headteacher and Governors to the senior leaders and classroom teachers, support staff, parents, members of the community and the pupils themselves.

The use of these exciting and innovative tools in school and at home has been shown to raise educational standards and promote pupil achievement. However, the use of these new technologies can put young people at risk within and outside the school. Some of the dangers they may face include:

- Access to illegal, harmful or inappropriate images or other content
- Unauthorised access to / loss of / sharing of personal information
- The risk of being subject to grooming by those with whom they make contact on the internet.
- The sharing / distribution of personal images without an individual's consent or knowledge
- Inappropriate communication / contact with others, including strangers
- Cyber-bullying
- Access to unsuitable video / internet games
- An inability to evaluate the quality, accuracy and relevance of information on the internet
- Plagiarism and copyright infringement
- Illegal downloading of music or video files
- The potential for excessive use which may impact on the social and emotional development and learning of the young person.

Many of these risks reflect situations in the off-line world and it is essential that this e-safety policy is used in conjunction with other school policies (eg behaviour, anti-bullying and child protection policies).

As with all other risks, it is impossible to eliminate those risks completely. It is therefore essential, through good educational provision to build pupils' resilience to the risks to which they may be exposed, so that they have the confidence and skills to face and deal with these risks.

The school must demonstrate that it has provided the necessary safeguards to help ensure that they have done everything that could reasonably be expected of them to manage and reduce these risks. The e-safety policy that follows explains how we intend to do this, while also addressing wider educational issues in order to help young people (and their parents / carers) to be responsible users and stay safe while using the internet and other communications technologies for educational, personal and recreational use.

## 2. Scope of the policy

This policy applies to all members of the school community (including staff, students / pupils, volunteers, parents / carers, visitors, community users) who have access to and are users of school ICT systems, both in and out of school.

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 empowers Headteachers, to such extent as is reasonable, to regulate the behaviour of students / pupils when they are off the school site and empowers members of staff to impose disciplinary penalties for inappropriate behaviour. This is pertinent to incidents of cyber-bullying, or other e-safety incidents covered by this policy, which may take place out of school, but is linked to membership of the school.

The school will deal with such incidents within this policy and associated behaviour and anti-bullying policies and will, where known, inform parents / carers of incidents of inappropriate e-safety behaviour that take place out of school.

## 3. Schedule for Development / Monitoring / Review

This e-safety policy was approved by the Governing Body on:	March 2016
The implementation of this e-safety policy will be monitored by the:	E-Safety Co-ordinators: Ms Hutchinson & Mr Wilson
Monitoring will take place at regular intervals:	Ongoing
The Governing Body will receive an annual report on the implementation of the e-safety policy generated by the monitoring group (which will include anonymous details of e-safety incidents).	Summer term
The E-Safety Policy will be reviewed annually, or more regularly in the light of any significant new developments in the use of the technologies, new threats to e-safety or incidents that have taken place. The next anticipated review date will be:	Spring Term 2018
Should serious e-safety incidents take place, the following external persons / agencies should be informed:	LA ICT Manager, LA Safeguarding Officer, Police

## 4. Roles and Responsibilities

The following section outlines the roles and responsibilities for e-safety of individuals and groups within the school:

### **Governors:**

Governors are responsible for the approval of the E-Safety Policy and for reviewing the effectiveness of the policy. This will be carried out by the Governors when receiving information about e-safety incidents and monitoring reports. A member of the Governing Body has taken on the role of E-Safety Governor. The role of the E-Safety Governor will include:

- regular meetings with the E-Safety Co-ordinator / Officer
- regular monitoring of e-safety incident logs
- regular monitoring of filtering / change control logs
- reporting to relevant Governors committee / meeting

### **Headteacher and Senior Leaders:**

- The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring the safety (including e-safety) of members of the school community, though the day to day responsibility for e-safety will be delegated to the E-Safety Co-ordinators.
- The Headteacher / Senior Leaders are responsible for ensuring that the E-Safety Coordinators and other relevant staff receive suitable CPD to enable them to carry out their e-safety roles and to train other colleagues, as relevant.
- The Headteacher / Senior Leaders will ensure that there is a system in place to allow for monitoring and support of those in school who carry out the internal e-safety monitoring role.
- The Senior Leadership Team will receive monitoring reports from the E-Safety Co-ordinators.
- The Headteacher and another member of the Senior Leadership Team should be aware of the procedures to be followed in the event of a serious e-safety allegation being made against a member of staff. (see [SWGfL flow chart on dealing with e-safety incidents – included in a later section – “Responding to incidents of misuse” and relevant Local Authority HR / disciplinary procedures](#))

### **E-Safety Coordinators :**

- leads the e-safety committee
- takes day to day responsibility for e-safety issues and have a leading role in establishing and reviewing the school e-safety policies / documents
- ensure that all staff are aware of the procedures that need to be followed in the event of an e-safety incident taking place
- provide training and advice for staff
- liaise with the Local Authority
- liaise with school ICT technical staff
- receive reports of e-safety incidents and creates a log of incidents to inform future e-safety developments
- meet with the E-Safety Governor to discuss current issues, review incident logs and filtering / change control logs
- attend relevant Governors meetings
- report to the Senior Leadership Team

**Network Manager / Technical staff:**

*The ICT Manager and ICT Subject Leader are responsible for ensuring:*

- *that the school's ICT infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack*
- *that the school meets the e-safety technical requirements outlined in the SWGfL Security Policy and Acceptable Usage Policy and any relevant Local Authority E-Safety Policy and guidance*
- *that users may only access the school's networks through a properly enforced password protection policy, in which passwords are regularly changed*
- *SWGfL is informed of issues relating to the filtering applied by the Grid*
- the school's filtering policy is applied and updated on a regular basis and that its implementation is not the sole responsibility of any single person
- they keep up to date with e-safety technical information in order to effectively carry out their e-safety role and to inform and update others as relevant
- that the use of the network / Virtual Learning Environment (VLE) / remote access / email is regularly monitored in order that any misuse / attempted misuse can be reported to the E-Safety Co-ordinators
- that monitoring systems are implemented and updated as agreed in school policies

**Teaching and Support Staff**

are responsible for ensuring that:

- they have an up to date awareness of e-safety matters and of the current school e-safety policy and practices
- they have read, understood and signed the school Staff Acceptable Use Policy (AUP)
- they report any suspected misuse or problem to the E-Safety Co-ordinators for investigation
- digital communications with pupils ( Virtual Learning Environment (VLE)) should be on a professional level and only carried out using official school systems
- e-safety issues are embedded in all aspects of the curriculum and other school activities
- pupils understand and follow the school e-safety and acceptable use policy
- pupils have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations
- they monitor ICT activity in lessons, extra curricular and extended school activities
- they are aware of e-safety issues related to the use of mobile phones, cameras and hand held devices and that they monitor their use and implement current school policies with regard to these devices
- in lessons where internet use is pre-planned pupils should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches

**Designated person for child protection / Child Protection Officer**

should be trained in e-safety issues and be aware of the potential for serious child protection issues to arise from:

- sharing of personal data
- access to illegal / inappropriate materials
- inappropriate on-line contact with adults / strangers
- potential or actual incidents of grooming
- cyber-bullying

**E-Safety Committee**

Members of the E-safety committee will assist the E-Safety Coordinators with:

- the monitoring of the school e-safety policy / documents
- the monitoring of the school filtering policy

### **Students / pupils:**

- are responsible for using the school ICT systems in accordance with the Pupil Acceptable Use Policy, which they will be expected to sign before being given access to school systems. (at Foundation - parents / carers would sign on behalf of the pupils)
- have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations
- need to understand the importance of reporting abuse, misuse or access to inappropriate materials and know how to do so
- will be expected to know and understand school policies on the use of mobile phones, digital cameras and hand held devices. They should also know and understand school policies on the taking / use of images and on cyber-bullying
- should understand the importance of adopting good e-safety practice when using digital technologies out of school and realise that the school's E-Safety Policy covers their actions out of school

### **Parents / Carers**

Parents / Carers play a crucial role in ensuring that their children understand the need to use the internet / mobile devices in an appropriate way. Research shows that many parents and carers do not fully understand the issues and are less experienced in the use of ICT than their children. The school will therefore take every opportunity to help parents understand these issues through parents' evenings, newsletters, letters, website / VLE and information about national / local e-safety campaigns / literature. Parents and carers will be responsible for:

- endorsing (by signature) the Pupil Acceptable Use Policy at Foundation stage.

### **Community Users**

Community Users who access school ICT systems will be expected to use a specified log-in to access a restricted school network and systems.

## **5. Policy statements**

### **Education – students / pupils**

Whilst regulation and technical solutions are very important, their use must be balanced by educating pupils to take a responsible approach. The education of pupils in e-safety is therefore an essential part of the school's e-safety provision. Children and young people need the help and support of the school to recognise and avoid e-safety risks and build their resilience.

E-Safety education will be provided in the following ways:

- A planned e-safety programme should be provided as part of ICT / PHSE / other lessons and should be regularly revisited – this will cover both the use of ICT and new technologies in school and outside school
- Key e-safety messages should be reinforced as part of a planned programme of assemblies and tutorial / pastoral activities
- Pupils should be taught in all lessons to be critically aware of the materials / content they access on-line and be guided to validate the accuracy of information
- Pupils should be helped to understand the need for the pupil AUP and encouraged to adopt safe and responsible use of ICT, the internet and mobile devices both within and outside school
- Pupils should be taught to acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright when using material accessed on the internet
- Staff should act as good role models in their use of ICT, the internet and mobile devices

## **Education – parents / carers**

Parents often either underestimate or do not realise how often children and young people come across potentially harmful and inappropriate material on the internet and are often unsure about what they would do about it. The school will therefore seek to provide information and awareness to parents and carers through:

- Letters, newsletters, web site, VLE
- Parents evenings
- Reference to the SWGfL Safe website, available through a link on the school website.

## **Education & Training – Staff**

It is essential that all staff receive e-safety training and understand their responsibilities, as outlined in this policy. Training will be offered as follows:

- A planned programme of formal e-safety training will be made available to staff. An audit of the e-safety training needs of all staff will be carried out regularly.
- All new staff should receive e-safety training as part of their induction programme, ensuring that they fully understand the school e-safety policy and Acceptable Use Policies.
- The E-Safety Coordinators will receive regular updates through attendance at SWGfL / LA / other information / training sessions and by reviewing guidance documents released by SWGfL / LA and others.
- This E-Safety policy and its updates will be presented to and discussed by staff in staff meetings / INSET days.
- The E-Safety Coordinators will provide advice / guidance / training as required to individuals as required

## **Training – Governors**

Governors should take part in e-safety training / awareness sessions, with particular importance for those who are members of any sub committee / group involved in ICT / e-safety / health and safety / child protection. This may be offered in a number of ways:

- Attendance at training provided by the Local Authority / National Governors Association / SWGfL or other relevant organisation.
- Participation in school training / information sessions

## **Technical – infrastructure / equipment, filtering and monitoring**

The school will be responsible for ensuring that the school infrastructure / network is as safe and secure as is reasonably possible and that policies and procedures approved within this policy are implemented. It will also need to ensure that the relevant people named in the above sections will be effective in carrying out their e-safety responsibilities:

- School ICT systems will be managed in ways that ensure that the school meets the e-safety technical requirements outlined in the SWGfL Security Policy and Acceptable Usage Policy and any relevant Local Authority E-Safety Policy and guidance.
- There will be regular reviews and audits of the safety and security of school ICT systems.
- Servers, wireless systems and cabling must be securely located and physical access restricted.
- All users will have clearly defined access rights to school ICT systems.
- All users will be provided with a username and password. Pupils at Y4/5/6 will have individual log-ins and other pupils will have set generic log-ins. Mr Wilson will keep an up to date record of users and their usernames. Staff will be required to change their passwords termly.
- The “master / administrator” passwords for the school ICT system, used by the ICT Manager must also be available to the Headteacher or other nominated senior leader.
- Users will be made responsible for the security of their username and password.
- The school maintains and supports the managed filtering service provided by SWGfL.

- The school provides a staff proxy login to allow staff to access filtered content for appropriate educational content.
- The school has provided a transparent filtering system for personal IT equipment.
- In the event of the ICT Manager needing to switch off the filtering for any reason, or for any user, this must be logged and carried out by a process that is agreed by the Headteacher (or other nominated senior leader).
- Any filtering issues should be reported immediately to SWGfL.
- Requests from staff for sites to be removed from the filtered list will be considered by the ICT Manager and the ICT Subject Leader. If the request is agreed, this action will be recorded on the SWGfL admin.filtering console and such actions shall be discussed by the E-Safety Committee
- The ICT Manager monitors the activity of users on the school ICT systems and users are made aware of this in the Acceptable Use Policy.
- An appropriate system is in place for users to report any actual / potential e-safety incident to the E Safety Co-ordinators.
- Appropriate security measures are in place to protect the servers, firewalls, routers, wireless systems, work stations, hand held devices etc from accidental or malicious attempts which might threaten the security of the school systems and data.
- An agreed procedure is in place for the provision of temporary access of “guests” (eg trainee teachers, visitors) onto the school system.
- An agreed procedure is in place regarding the extent of personal use that users (staff / pupils / community users) and their family members are allowed on laptops and other portable devices that may be used out of school (see School Personal Data Policy).
- An agreed procedure is in place that allows staff to install programmes on school workstations / portable devices after consultation with the ICT managers.
- An agreed policy is in place regarding the use of removable media (eg memory sticks / CDs / DVDs) by users on school workstations / portable devices (see School Personal Data Policy).
- The school infrastructure and individual workstations are protected by up to date virus software.
- Personal data can not be sent over the internet or taken off the school site unless safely encrypted or otherwise secured.

### **Use of digital and video images - Photographic, Video**

The development of digital imaging technologies has created significant benefits to learning, allowing staff and pupils instant use of images that they have recorded themselves or downloaded from the internet. However, staff and pupils need to be aware of the risks associated with sharing images and with posting digital images on the internet. Those images may remain available on the internet forever and may cause harm or embarrassment to individuals in the short or longer term. There are many reported incidents of employers carrying out internet searches for information about potential and existing employees. The school will inform and educate users about these risks and will implement policies to reduce the likelihood of the potential for harm:

- When using digital images, staff should inform and educate pupils about the risks associated with the taking, use, sharing, publication and distribution of images. In particular they should recognise the risks attached to publishing their own images on the internet eg on social networking sites.
- Staff are allowed to take digital / video images to support educational aims, but must follow school policies concerning the sharing, distribution and publication of those images. Those images should only be taken on school equipment, the personal equipment of staff should not be used for such purposes.
- Care should be taken when taking digital / video images that pupils are appropriately dressed and are not participating in activities that might bring the individuals or the school into disrepute.
- Pupils must not use, share, publish or distribute images of others without their permission
- Photographs published on the website, or elsewhere that include pupils will be selected carefully and will comply with good practice guidance on the use of such images.
- Pupils' full names will not be used anywhere on a website or blog, in association with photographs.
- *Permission from parents or carers will be obtained before photographs of pupils are published on newsletters, school documents or the school website*

## **Data Protection**

Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 1998 which states that personal data must be:

- Fairly and lawfully processed
- Processed for limited purposes
- Adequate, relevant and not excessive
- Accurate
- Kept no longer than is necessary
- Processed in accordance with the data subject's rights
- Secure
- Only transferred to others with adequate protection.

Staff must ensure that they:

- At all times take care to ensure the safe keeping of personal data, minimising the risk of its loss or misuse.
- Use personal data only on secure password protected computers and other devices, ensuring that they are properly "logged-off" at the end of any session in which they are using personal data.
- Transfer data using encryption and secure password protected devices.

When personal data is stored on any portable computer system, USB stick or any other removable media:

- the data must be encrypted and password protected
- the device must be password protected
- the device must offer approved virus and malware checking software
- the data must be securely deleted from the device once it has been transferred or its use is complete



## Communications

A wide range of rapidly developing communications technologies has the potential to enhance learning. The following table shows how the school currently considers the benefit of using these technologies for education outweighs their risks / disadvantages:

	Staff & other adults				Students / Pupils			
Communication Technologies	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed for selected staff	Not allowed	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed with staff permission	Not allowed
Mobile phones may be brought to school	•						•	
Use of mobile phones in lessons				•				•
Use of mobile phones in social time	•							•
Taking photos on mobile phones or personal camera devices				•			•	
Use of personal hand held devices eg PDAs, PSPs	•			•				
Use of personal email addresses in school, or on school network		•						•
Use of school email for personal emails	•							•
Use of chat rooms / facilities				•				•
Use of instant messaging		•						•
Use of social networking sites				•				•
Use of blogs		•					•	

When using communication technologies the school considers the following as good practice:

- The official school email service may be regarded as safe and secure and is monitored.
- Users need to be aware that email communications may be monitored
- Users must immediately report, to the nominated person – in accordance with the school policy, the receipt of any email that makes them feel uncomfortable, is offensive, threatening or bullying in nature and must not respond to any such email.
- Any digital communication between staff and pupils or parents / carers (email, chat, VLE etc) must be professional in tone and content. These communications may only take place on official

(monitored) school systems. Personal email addresses, text messaging or public chat / social networking programmes must not be used for these communications.

- Pupils will be taught about email safety issues, such as the risks attached to the use of personal details. They should also be taught strategies to deal with inappropriate emails and be reminded of the need to write emails clearly and correctly and not include any unsuitable or abusive material.
- Personal information should not be posted on the school website and only official email addresses should be used to identify members of staff.

### **Unsuitable/inappropriate activities**

The school believes that the activities referred to in the following section would be inappropriate in a school context and that users as defined below, should not engage in these activities in school or outside school when using school equipment or systems. The school policy restricts certain internet usage as follows:

- Users shall not visit Internet sites, make, post, download, upload, data transfer, communicate or pass on, material, remarks, proposals or comments that contain or relate to:
- child sexual abuse images
- promotion or conduct of illegal acts, eg under the child protection, obscenity, computer misuse and fraud legislation
- adult material that potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act in the UK
- criminally racist material
- pornography
- promotion of any kind of discrimination
- promotion of racial or religious hatred
- threatening behaviour, including promotion of physical violence or mental harm
- any other information which may be offensive to colleagues or breaches the integrity of the ethos of the school or brings the school into disrepute
- Using school systems to run a private business
- Use systems, applications, websites or other mechanisms that bypass the filtering or other safeguards employed by SWGfL and / or the school
- Uploading, downloading or transmitting commercial software or any copyrighted materials belonging to third parties, without the necessary licensing permissions
- Revealing or publicising confidential or proprietary information (eg financial / personal information, databases, computer / network access codes and passwords)
- Creating or propagating computer viruses or other harmful files
- Carrying out sustained or instantaneous high volume network traffic (downloading / uploading files) that causes network congestion and hinders others in their use of the internet
- On-line gaming (non educational)
- On-line gambling
- Use of social networking sites
- Use of video broadcasting unless for educational purposes eg Youtube

## Reporting of E-safety incidents

Any incidents relating to E-safety should be reported immediately to one of the following people:

Pupils to their class teacher / responsible adult they may be working with.

Other users should report any incidents to the IT Manager and the ICT Coordinator and complete an E-safety incident form.

E-safety concerns will be stored electronically in a secure folder on the network and reviewed by the IT Manager and ICT Coordinator. Appropriate actions will be taken in accordance with the E-safety policy. Incidents relating directly to pupils will be recorded on a cause for concern form. (Contained within the safeguarding/child protection handbook appendix 2.

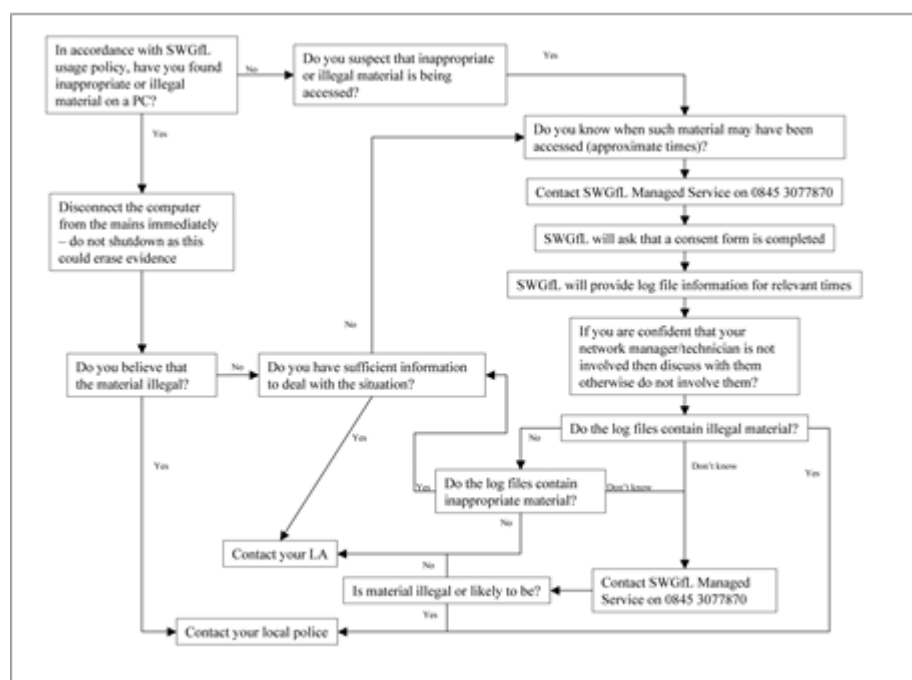
### Responding to incidents of misuse

It is hoped that all members of the school community will be responsible users of ICT, who understand and follow this policy. However, there may be times when infringements of the policy could take place, through careless or irresponsible or, very rarely, through deliberate misuse. Listed below are the responses that will be made to any apparent or actual incidents of misuse:

If any apparent or actual misuse appears to involve illegal activity ie.

- child sexual abuse images
- adult material which potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act
- criminally racist material
- other criminal conduct, activity or materials

the SWGfL flow chart – below and <http://www.swgfl.org.uk/safety/default.asp> should be consulted and actions followed in line with the flow chart, in particular the sections on reporting the incident to the police and the preservation of evidence.



If members of staff suspect that misuse might have taken place, but that the misuse is not illegal (as above) it is essential that correct procedures are used to investigate, preserve evidence and protect those carrying out the investigation. In such event the

SWGfL “Procedure for Reviewing Internet Sites for Suspected Harassment and Distress” should be followed. This can be found on the SWGfL Safe website within the “Safety and Security booklet”. This guidance recommends that more than one member of staff is involved in the investigation which should be carried out on a “clean” designated computer.

It is more likely that the school will need to deal with incidents that involve inappropriate rather than illegal misuse. It is important that any incidents are dealt with as soon as possible in a proportionate manner, and that members of the school community are aware that incidents have been dealt with. It is intended that incidents of misuse will be dealt with through normal behaviour / disciplinary procedures as follows:

## Pupils

Incidents:	Refer to class teacher / tutor	Refer to ICT Managers (actions re filtering or security may be taken)	Refer to Headteacher	Refer to Police	Inform parents / carers	Warning
<b>Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal (see list in earlier section on unsuitable / inappropriate activities).</b>	•	•	•	•	•	•
Unauthorised use of non-educational sites during lessons	•					•
Unauthorised use of mobile phone / digital camera / other handheld device	•					•
Unauthorised use of social networking / instant messaging / personal email	•	•	•		•	•
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files	•	•	•		•	•
Allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords	•	•	•		•	•
Attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another pupil's account	•	•	•		•	•
Attempting to access or accessing the school network, using the account of a member of staff	•	•	•		•	•
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users	•	•	•		•	•
Sending an email, text or instant message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature	•	•	•	•	•	•
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions	•	•	•	•	•	•
Actions which could bring the school into disrepute or breach the integrity of the ethos of the school	•	•	•	•	•	•

Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's filtering system	•	•	•		•	•
Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident	•	•	•	•	•	•
Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material	•	•	•	•	•	•
Receipt or transmission of material that infringes the copyright of another person or infringes the Data Protection Act	•	•	•	•	•	•

## Staff

Incidents:	Refer to line manager & ICT Managers (changes may be made to filtering\security)	Refer to Headteacher	Refer to Local Authority / HR	Refer to Police	Warning	Disciplinary action (this may include suspension)
<b>Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal (see list in earlier section on unsuitable / inappropriate activities).</b>	•	•	•	•	•	•
Excessive or inappropriate personal use of the internet / social networking sites / instant messaging / personal email	•	•			•	•
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files	•	•			•	
Allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords or attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another person's account	•	•			•	
Careless use of personal data eg holding or transferring data in an insecure manner	•	•			•	
Deliberate actions to breach data protection or network security rules	•	•			•	•
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users or causing deliberate damage to hardware or software	•	•	•	•	•	•
Sending an email, text or instant message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature	•	•	•	•	•	•
Using personal email / social networking / instant messaging / text messaging to carrying out digital communications with students / pupils	•	•	•		•	•
Actions which could compromise the staff member's professional standing	•	•	•		•	•
Actions which could bring the school into disrepute or breach the integrity of the ethos of the school	•	•	•	•	•	•
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's filtering system	•	•	•		•	•
Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident	•	•	•	•	•	•

Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material	•	•	•	•	•	•
Breaching copyright or licensing regulations	•	•	•	•	•	•
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions	•	•	•	•	•	•

**Checked by:** Helen Hutchinson & Pete Wilson

**Date updated:** March 2016

Review March 2018 or earlier in light of changing circumstances.

Signed.....Chair of Governors